## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

- (Withdrawn) A body weight gain inhibitor comprising a compound having an angiotensin II antagonistic activity, a prodrug thereof or a salt thereof.
- (Withdrawn) The inhibitor according to claim 1, wherein the body weight gain occurs before reaching obesity.
- (Withdrawn) The inhibitor according to claim 1, wherein the body weight gain is observed in a patient with obesity.
- (Withdrawn) The inhibitor according to claim 3, wherein the obesity is associated with diabetes
- (Withdrawn) The inhibitor according to claim 4, further comprising a PPAR

  agonist-like substance in combination.
- (Withdrawn) The inhibitor according to claim 1, wherein the body weight gain is induced by a PPARy agonist-like substance.
- (Withdrawn) The inhibitor according to claim 6, which suppresses the body weight gain induced by a PPARy agonist-like substance to not more than about 80%.
- (Withdrawn) The inhibitor according to claim 1, wherein the compound having an angiotensin II antagonistic activity is a non-peptidic compound.
- (Withdrawn) The inhibitor according to claim 1, wherein the compound having an angiotensin II antagonistic activity has an oxygen atom in a molecule.

- 10. (Withdrawn) The inhibitor according to claim 1, wherein the compound having an angiotensin II antagonistic activity has an ether bond or a carbonyl group in a molecule
- 11. (Withdrawn) The inhibitor according to claim 1, wherein the compound having an angiotensin II antagonistic activity is a compound represented by the formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{1} & & \\
R^{2} & & \\
R^{3} & & \\
N & & R^{3}
\end{array}$$
(I)

wherein R¹ denotes a group which can form an anion or a group which can be converted into the group which can form an anion, X denotes that the phenylene group and the phenyl group are bound directly or through a spacer having no more than 2 of atom chains, n denotes 1 or 2, a ring A denotes a benzene ring optionally further having a substituent, R² denotes a group which can form an anion or a group which can be converted into the group which can form an anion, and R³ denotes a hydrocarbon residue which may be bound via a hetero atom and which may have a substituent.

12. (Withdrawn) The inhibitor according to claim 1, wherein the compound having an angiotensin II antagonistic activity is 2-ethoxy-1-[[2'-(5-oxo-2,5-dihydro-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-vI)biphenyl-4-vI]methyl]-1H-benzimidazole-7-carboxylic acid.

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- 13. (Withdrawn) The inhibitor according to claim 1, wherein the compound having an angiotensin II antagonistic activity, or a salt thereof is Losartan, Losartan potassium, Eprosartan, Candesartan cilexetil, Candesartan, Valsartan, Telmisartan, Irbesartan, Olmesartan, Olmesartan medoxomil, or Tasosartan.
- 14. (Currently Amended) A method of inhibiting a body weight gain in a mammal, which comprises administering an effective amount of a compound having an angiotensin II antagonistic activity, a prodrug thereof or a salt thereof and an effective amount of a PPARy agonist-like substance in combination, to the mammal.
  - 15. (Canceled)
- 16. (New) The method according to claim 14, wherein the compound having an angiotensin II antagonistic activity is a compound represented by the formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{1} \\
R^{2} \\
R^{2} \\
N \\
R^{3}
\end{array}$$
(I)

wherein R<sup>1</sup> denotes a group which can form an anion or a group which can be converted into the group which can form an anion, X denotes that the phenylene group and the phenyl group are bound directly or through a spacer having no more than 2 of atom chains, n denotes 1 or 2, a ring A denotes a benzene ring optionally further having a substituent. R<sup>2</sup> denotes a group which can form an anion or a group which can be

converted into the group which can form an anion, and R<sup>3</sup> denotes a hydrocarbon residue which may be bound via a hetero atom and which may have a substituent.

- 17. (New) The method according to claim 14, wherein the compound having an angiotensin II antagonistic activity is 2-ethoxy-1-[[2'-(5-oxo-2,5-dihydro-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-vl)biphenvI-4-vl]methvII-1H-benzimidazole-7-carboxvlic acid.
- 18. (New) The method according to claim 14, wherein the compound having an angiotensin II antagonistic activity, or a salt thereof is Losartan, Losartan potassium, Eprosartan, Candesartan cilexetil, Candesartan, Valsartan, Telmisartan, Irbesartan, Olmesartan medoxomil, or Tasosartan.
- (New) The method according to claim 14, wherein the PPAR

  γ agonist-like substance is pioglitazone.
- (New) The method according to claim 14, wherein the body weight gain occurs before reaching obesity.
- (New) The method according to claim 14, wherein the body weight gain is observed in a patient with obesity.
- (New) The method according to claim 21, wherein the obesity is associated with diabetes.